



Laneview STEM Day

Presented by Students Advancing Stem and the Laneview PTA

Let's Make a Drone K/1

Let's Make a Drone (Grades 4 and 5)

- Welcome and Introductions
- Students Advancing Stem (SAS)
 - High school and middle school students interested in science
 - Putting together and presenting programs for elementary school students
 - SAS clubs at both Morrill and Sierramont Middle Schools and Piedmont Hills High School.





What is a drone?

- Also called an Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (UAV), is an aircraft without a pilot on board.
- Drones have many uses. These include military, recreation, maintenance and several other areas.
- Because of people not being responsible, drones are not allowed to fly in national parks after a drone crashed into one of the hot springs in Yellowstone.
- Drones can be such a nuisance that a Dutch police force is training eagles to combat drones.





What is a drone? (cont.)

- The earliest attempt to make a drone was in 196.
- Drones have many uses. These include military, recreation, maintenance and several other areas.
 - Military drones are operated by highly trained pilots.
 - Drones are used for aerial surveillance of large areas such as monitoring livestock, mapping wildfires, home security, road patrol and many other activities.





How do drones work?

- Typically have four rotors (propellers) that are arranged in an "X" pattern.
- Two propellers turn in a clockwise (CW) direction and the two opposite propellers turn in a counterclockwise (CCW) direction.
 - Propellers that are across from each other diagonally spin in the same direction.
- To rise into the air or lift off, the spinning propellers (rotor) must push air downward.
 - The air pushes up on the rotors and causes the drone to rise or lift up.

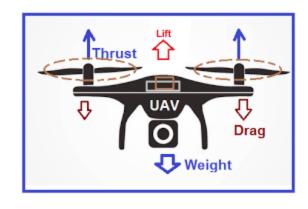




• What is Lift?

- The push that lets something move up.
- It is the force that is opposite of weight.
- Everything that flies must have lift.
- For an airplane to fly, it must have more weight than lift.
- The lift for the drone comes from the rotor blades (propellers) at the top of the drone.
- This diagram also shows thrust and drag. We will not cover those concepts in this session.
- Lift is covered in Newton's Third Law and in this short video:
- Eyes in the Skies! The Incredible World of Drones: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=abxjyL9iuvo</u>







What is Newton's Third Law

- Issac Newton lived 400 years ago.
- He created 3 "Laws" that are very important to scientists.
- The third law says: "Every action has an equal and opposite reaction.
- When the circuit on your drone is connected, the propellers (rotors) spin and produces force (an action) which pushes the skateboard forward (an equal and opposite reaction).
- Here is a short video that explains Newton's Third Law.
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6XNJDJTvenY (1:47)





Powering the Drone

- The rotors (propellers) will not move without power.
- The drone you are making uses a battery powered circuit to provide power.

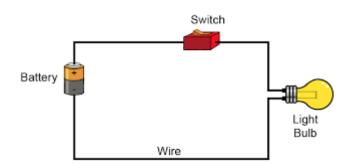
What is a Circuit?

- Paths for transmitting electric current or moving electricity.
- They allow electricity to be used to provide power to lights, appliances, computers and many other devices.





- Parts of a Circuit:
- It must have a power source.
 - Flashlights power source is a battery
 - Homes or Schools power source is a public power plant.
 - o Today, we are using batteries as our power source.
- Wires carry the electricity in the circuit.
 - Made of metal and covered in plastic
 - The plastic keeps the electricity contained so it is safe to use.
 - Wires will connect the battery to the motors and propellers.
 - The wires must be connected correctly for the current to flow.
 - You will be given VERY SPECIFIC directions on how to connect the wires as we build the drone.



On-Off Switches

- Allow you to control the flow of electricity through the circuit
- When a switch is connected, it completes the circuit and electricity flows
- When the switch is disconnected, it breaks the circuit and electricity stops flowing.
- Your drone on-off switch is called an Alligator Clip.
 - When you connect the alligator clip to the black battery wire, the propeller moves.
 - When you disconnect the alligator clip to the black battery wire, the propeller stops.

Video:

This video, called "Introduction to Simple Circuits" explains how circuits work.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zSSkZ9F7Bng (2:52)



Let's Build Your Drone!!!

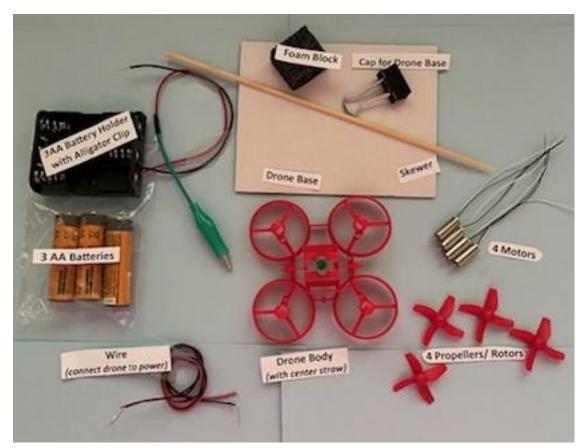
- This is a complex project.
- Please follow the instructions as they are given to you.
- DO NOT try to move ahead.
- DO NOT take out the parts until you are instructed to do so.
- The motors break easily and there are no extra parts if you break something.



Parts List

- Drone Base
 - Cardboard base
 - Foam base
 - Skewer
 - Cap
- Body
 - Body with straw in middle
 - 4 Motors
 - Rotors/Propellers
 - Wire
- Power Supply
 - Battery holder with alligator clip (on/off switch)
 - 3 AA Batteries





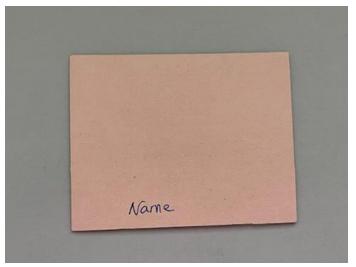


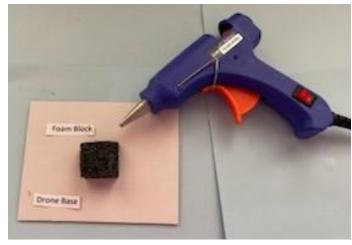
STEP One: Set up the base.

(Base will support drone when you turn in on.)

- Remove the drone base, skewer, foam block and drone cap from your bag.
- Write your name on the base.

 Using a hot glue gun, glue the bottom of foam block to the CENTER of the base.



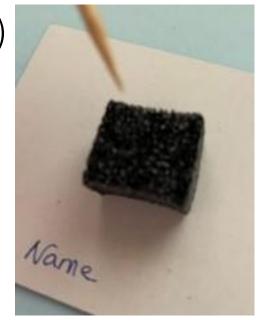






STEP One: Set up the base. (Cont)

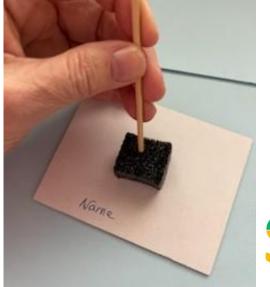
- Take the pointed end of the skewer.
- Poke a hole in the base.



• Turn the skewer around and place the flat end into the foam block.

(You need to poke a hole in the base before you can insert the skewer.)



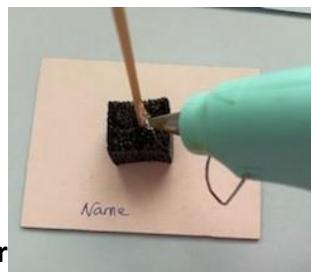




STEP One: Set up the base. (Cont)

- Apply about 8 to 10 squeezes of the glue gun trigger to put glue around the skewer.
- The extra glue is needed to hold the skewer in place when you launch your drone.
- Place the cap on the end of the skewer so it does not get lost.
- Set the base aside and let it dry.









- Take the drone body and the package with the motors and rotors out of your bag.
- Leave to propellars/rotors in the small bag until you are told to take them out.
- Notice that the motors are magnetic.
 - Electric motors use magnets to create motion.





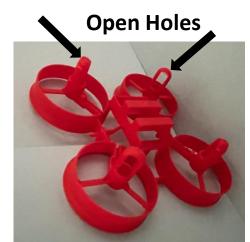


- How an Electric Motor Works
 - It converts electrical energy into mechanical energy.
 - It works due to electromagnetic interactions.
 - You put in electricity (current from the battery) into the motor at one end and the axle (metal rod) rotates.
 - Every motor has a magnetic field.
 - This is a small motor, so the magnets are not protected and you feel the magnetic force.

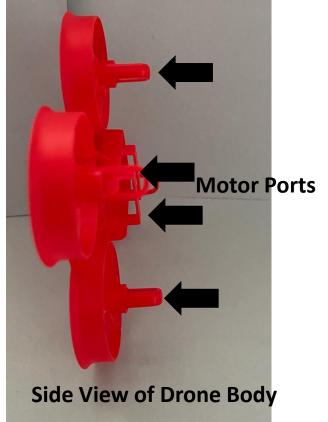




- There are 4 motor ports on the drone.
- The motors will be placed into the motor ports.
- Be very careful. The motors can break.
 We don't have extra parts if something breaks.
- Look for the open holes on the bottom of the drone body.



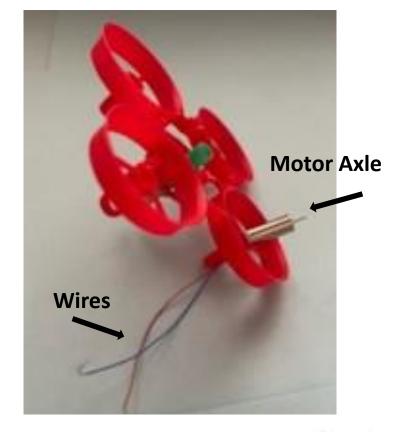








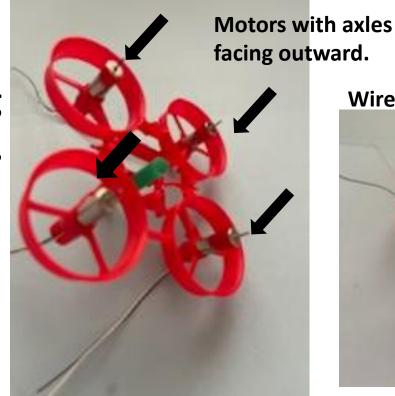
- Take one motor at a time.
- Thread the wires into the motor port.
- The motor axle is facing outward.
- Put the wires through the holes in the base and GENTLY pull them through.
- GENTLY push the motor into the hole until it is secured.
- GENTLY pull the wires through the hole.
- Repeat for all 4 motors.

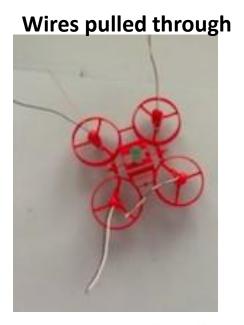






- All motors are in the base.
- The wires should be hanging freely from the bottom port.
- You will be connecting these wires to each other.

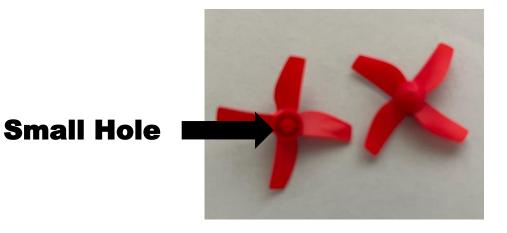








- Now, take the propellers (rotors) out of their bag.
- Turn the propeller over.
- Look for the small hole on the bottom.

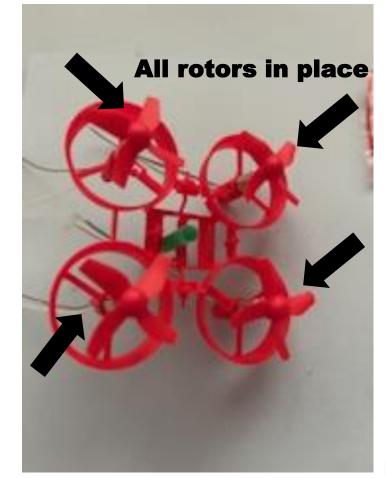








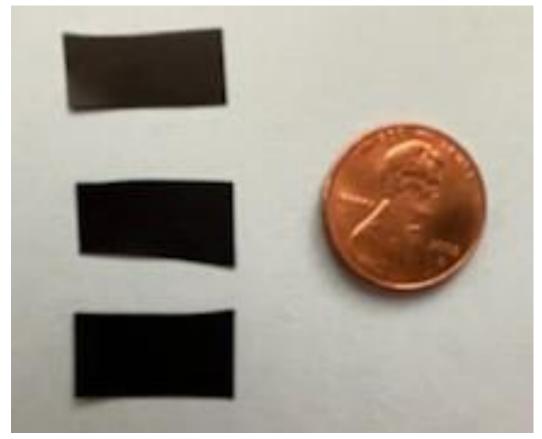
- Take a propeller (rotor) and place it on a motor axle.
- GENTLY push down until the propeller (rotor) is secured on the axle.
- Do this for all four propellers (rotors).





STEP Three: Connecting Motor Wires

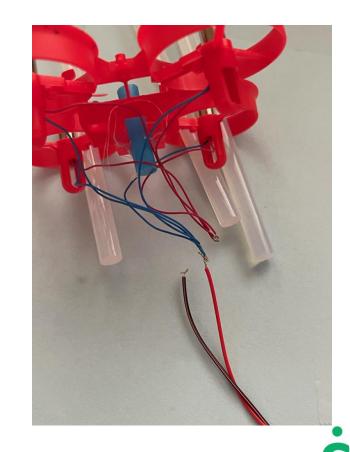
- Wires must be properly connected to make the electrical circuit.
- Cut 3 small pieces of electrical tape.
 One just a bit larger than the other two.
 - (Electrical tape, if applied correctly, keeps the wires secured together.)
- Make sure you do not cut too much tape.
- Tape adds to the weight of the drone and it won't lift properly if it is too heavy.
- Put the pieces of tape on the table in front of you. You will use them soon.





STEP Three: Connecting Motor Wires (Group A-1)

- Turn over the drone base.
- You will see 4 sets of wires –
 one for each rotor.
- Your wires are red and blue.

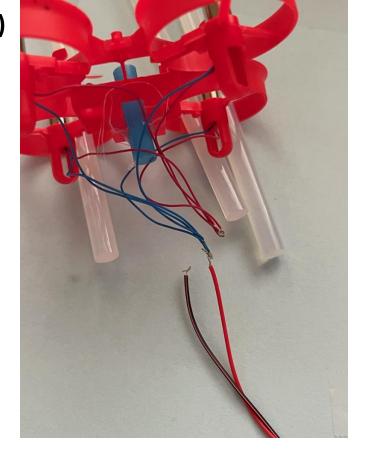




STEP Three: Connecting Motor Wires (Group A-2)

- Take all of the **blue wires** and put the ends together.
- Twist all four ends together.

 These are very small so pay close attention.
- Then take all of the **red wires**.
- Twist all four ends of the wires together.

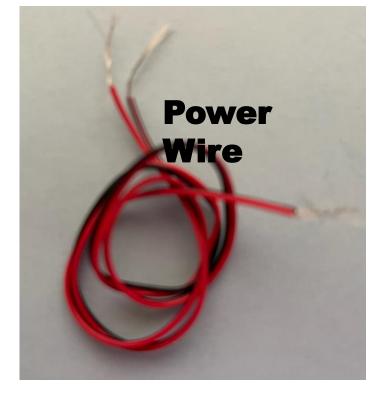






STEP Three: Connecting Motor Wires (Group A-3)

- Take the red and black power wire out of the bag.
- Straighten out the wire.
- You will connect the <u>black power wire</u> to the <u>red motor</u> wires.
- You will connect the red power wire to the blue motor wires.







STEP Three: Connecting Motor Wires (Group A-2.1)

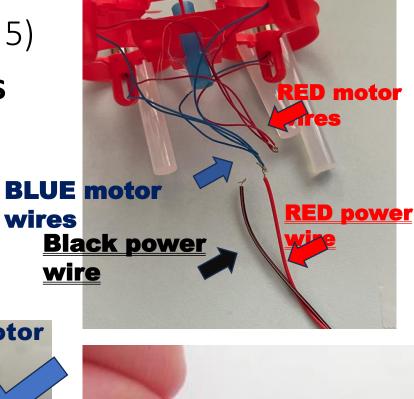
 You will connect the red power wire to the blue motor wires.

 Put the red power wire next to the blue motor wires.
 4 Blue motor

 Gently twist the wires until they are secured to each other.

Red power wire

wires



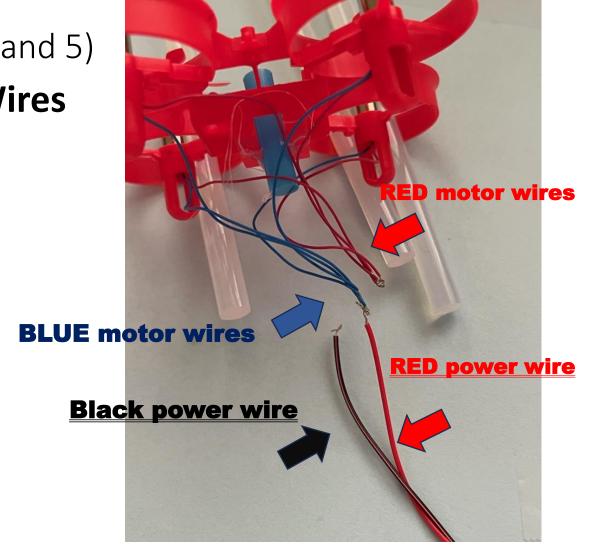






Let's Fly a Drone (Grades 4 and 5) STEP Three: Connecting Motor Wires (Group A-4)

- You will connect the <u>black power wire</u> to the red motor wires.
- You will connect the red power wire to the blue motor wires.
- The next slides will show you how to connect wires correctly.

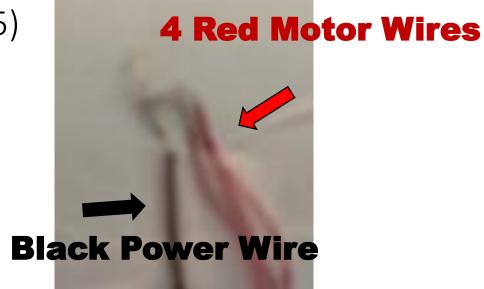






STEP Three: Connecting Motor Wires (Group A-5)

 Put the <u>black power wire</u> side by side with the 4 red motor wires.



Twist the wires together

 Gently twist the wires until they are secured to each other.



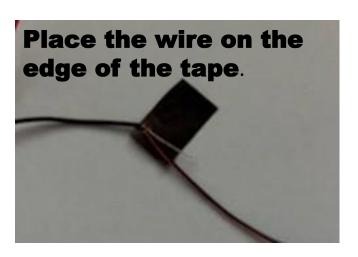


STEP Three: Connecting Motor Wires (Group A-6)

- Straighten out the wires so the red motor wires and the black power wire makes a line.
- Fold the wires over until the lie on top of the black power wire.
- Take one of the pieces of electrical tape. Make sure the sticky side is facing up.
- Set the wires on the edge of the electrical tape.

Vrap the tape around the wires and inch it to make sure it is secure.



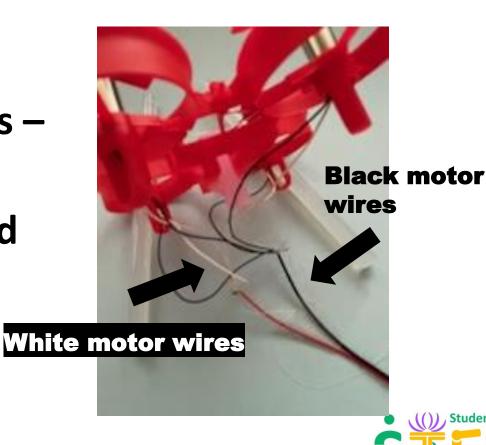






STEP Three: Connecting Motor Wires (Group B-1)

- Turn over the drone base.
- You will see 4 sets of wires –
 one for each rotor.
- Your wires are **black** and white.





STEP Three: Connecting Motor Wires (Group b)

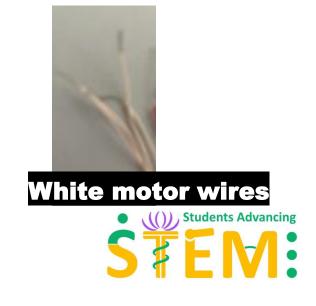
- Take all of the **black wires** and put the ends together.
- Twist all four ends together.

These are very small so pay close attention.

• Then take all of the white motor wires.

Twist all four ends of the wires together.

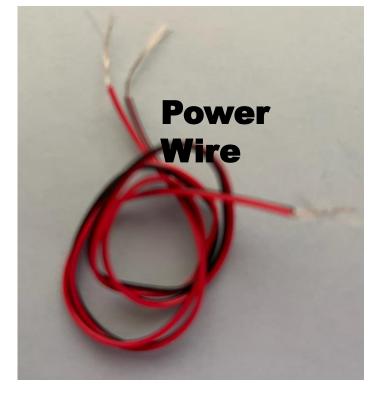






STEP Three: Connecting Motor Wires (Group A)

- Take the red and black power wire out of the bag.
- Straighten out the wire.
- You will connect the <u>black power</u>
 wire tothe black motor wires.
- You will connect the <u>red power wire</u> to the <u>white motor</u> wires.







STEP Three: Connecting Motor Wires (Group A)

- You will connect the red power wire to the white motor wires.
- Put the **red power wire** next to White motor wires the white motor wires.
- Gently twist the wires until they are secured to each other.







Red Power

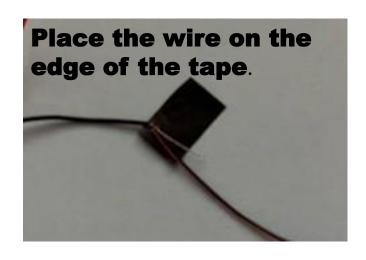
Wire

STEP Three: Connecting Motor Wires

(Group A

- Straighten out the wires so the red power wire and the white motor wires make a line.
- Fold the wires over until the lie on top of the black power wire.
- Take one of the pieces of electrical tape. Make sure the sticky side is facing up.
- Set the wires on the edge of the electrical tape.







Wrap the tape around the wires and pinch it to make sure it is secure.



STEP Three: Connecting Motor Wires (Group B)

• Put the **black power wire** side by side with the **4 black motor** wires.

Gently twist the wires until they are

secured to each other.





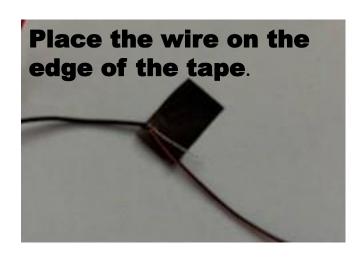


STEP Three: Connecting Motor Wires

(Group A

- Straighten out the wires so the <u>black</u>
 <u>power wire</u> and the <u>black motor wires</u> make a line.
- Fold the wires over until the lie on top of the <u>black power wire</u>.
- Take one of the pieces of electrical tape. Make sure the sticky side is facing up.
- Set the wires on the edge of the electrical tape.







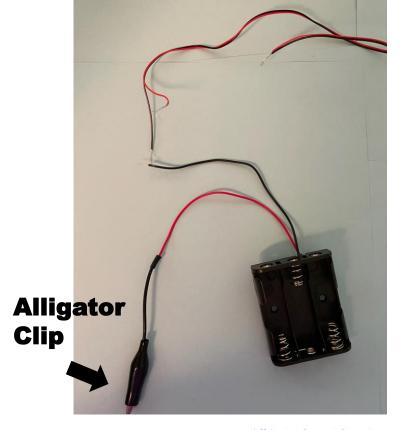




STEP Four: Connecting Motor Wires to the Battery Pack

- Take your battery pack out of the bag.
- Connect the **black wires** together.
- Do not connect the red power wire.

Note: The alligator clip will serve as the on/off switch for your drone.







STEP Four: Connecting Motor Wires to the Battery Pack

- Twist the wires together.
- Straighten out the wires so they make a line.
- Fold the twisted wires over until the lie on top of the black wire.
- Take one of the pieces of electrical tape.
 Make sure the sticky side is facing up.
- Set the wires on the edge of the electrical tape.
- Wrap the tape around the wires and pinch it tomake sure it is secure.











STEP Five: Putting Batteries in Battery Pack

- You have 3 batteries to put in your battery pack. This is a short video that explains the process.
- The video demonstrates putting batteries into a remote control.
- The same process applies to putting batteries into your battery holder.
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UjpRNGs6GCI

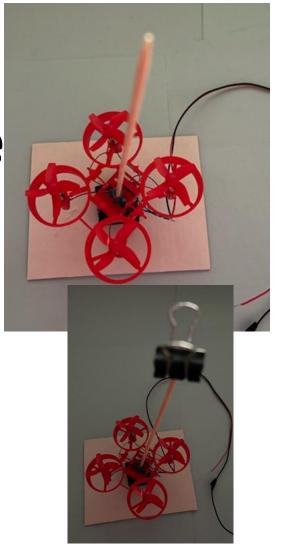




STEP Six: Operating Your Drone

- Take your drone and CAREFULLY place the skewer on the base through the straw on the drone body.
- Make sure the side with the propellers/ rotors is facing up.
 Attach the end cap to the top of the skewer.

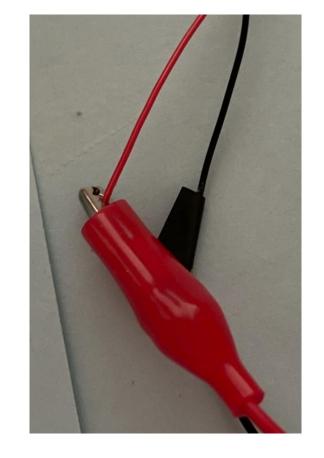






STEP Six: Operating Your Drone

- Straighten out the wires so they are not twisted around the skewer.
- Take the **alligator clip** that is attached to the battery pack.
- Open the clip and connect it to the bare end of the red power wire.
- Hold down the base with one hand to make sure the drone does not tip over.
- If you have connected everything correctly, your drone will rise.







What You Learned Today

- You learned the science behind drone operations and how a drone uses lift to gain altitude.
- You learned that "for every action there is an equal and opposite reaction" – which is Newton's Third Law.
- You learned about electrical circuits and how a circuit is made.
- You learned how to connect wires to create a circuit.
- We hope you enjoyed this session as much as we enjoyed working with you today.



